

## RAINER RILLING

### There Were Numerous 68s ...

There are numerous discussions – on both the left and the right – about what »the 68ers« really achieved in society. The author describes their political action as a social, cultural, theoretical and political »revolt« that provoked an astonishing counter-offensive and strategic riposte from the ruling classes. But there are many aspects that remain valid for a real Left »rifundazione«.

## HANS JÜRGEN KRYSMANSKI

### Karl Marx' Last Journey

In 1999, the BBC made an opinion poll on the millennium's greatest thinker. The answer was: Karl Marx (1818-1883). To find a cinematographic approach to Karl Marx, the author elaborated a draft for a »biopic«, which we present here. The text is about Marx' last journey that took him to Marseilles, Algiers, Cannes, Monte Carlo and Argenteuil in 1882.

## DIETMAR WITTICH

### Class Situation

This is a draft of the entry »class situation« for the Historical-Critical Dictionary of Marxism. The author discusses it as a fundamental category of class analysis, which is used to describe major social groups with typically unequal living conditions and opportunities in life, directly linked to the socio-economic relations and the resources at their disposal.

## JÖRN SCHÜTRUMPF

### Paul Levi among the »hypocrites«

The author presents extracts of Paul Levi's (1883-1930) diaries and other documents between 1917 and 1921, to illustrate the deep rift that had developed between himself and Lenin, on the question of a revolutionary strategy for Germany. Rejecting Lenin's idea of a revolutionary war and fundamentally criticizing Bolshevik strategies, Levi was later expelled from the KPD.

## WOLFRAM ADOLPHI

### The »Line Luxemburg-Gramsci« and Today's Leftist Theory and Practice

This is a report on the XI. International Conference of InkriT (Institute of Critical Theory) in Esslingen from June 7 - 10, 2007. The conference focussed on the »Line Luxemburg-Gramsci« – an expression first coined by Peter Weiss – and on the entries for vol. 7.I, 7.II and 8 (the letters K and L) of the Historical-Critical Dictionary of Marxism.

URSULA SCHRÖTER

## The Sisterly Unity in the Democratic Women's Union (DFD) of the GDR

Looking into the history of the Democratic Women's Union (DFD) of the GDR, founded in 1947, the author discusses the contradictions between the party leadership position – that the women's question should be merely a subordinate aspect of the class question – and the post-World War II reality, marked by a »non-traditional« women's role in rising out of the catastrophe.

RENATE ULLRICH

## GDR-Women Between Emancipation and Patriarchy

Taking for example the book »The Miracle on the Other Side is the Women« published in the FRG in 1965, the author analyses the contradictions in the research on the question of women in the GDR. Based on films, books and research reports, she demonstrates that the history of women, as well as the history of the research on women has vacillated between emancipation and patriarchy.

GISELA NOTZ

## Counterculture and Autonomy

The author makes a résumé of experience, gleaned since the seventies, with alternative economic projects in Germany – projects that existed on the borderline between market-focused capitalist economy, public enterprises and informal economy. Even today, she says, when utopians have few possibilities to reach the public, the actors in such projects show that alternatives are possible.

KLAUS HÖPCKE

## The »Break Up« of the Reichstag 1933

This article reminds of Hitler's destruction of parliamentarism in the aftermath of the March 5, 1933 elections, when the Nazi-Party, despite the arson set in the Reichstag building on February 27<sup>th</sup>, received only 43.9 per cent of the votes – a process that began with the »annulment« of the 81 seats of the Communists and the ensuing wave of arrests which included also 20 Social Democrats.

PETER LINKE

## With a Coarse Brush

The author reviews Ito Narihiko's book »A History on the Article 9 of the Japanese Constitution« and discusses the developments in Japan since 2006, directed toward creating a basis for a constitutional revision – a process that would surely lead to the liquidation of the peace article.